SYLLABUS

1. Data about the program of study

1.1	Institution	The Technical University of Cluj-Napoca
1.2	Faculty	Faculty of Electronics, Telecommunications and
1.2		Information Technology
1.3	Department	Communications
1.4	Field of study	Electronics and Telecommunications Engineering
1.5	Cycle of study	Bachelor of Science
1.6	Program of study/Qualification	Telecommunications Technologies and
1.0		Systems/Engineer
1.7	Form of education	Full time
1.8	Subject code	TST-E49.10

2. Data about the subject

2.1	Subject name			Data Transmissions				
2.2	Subject area			Electronics and Telecommunications Engineering				
2.3	Course responsible/lecturer			Prof. dr. eng. Vasile Bota				
2.4	Teachers in charge of applications			Prof. dr. eng. Vasile Bota				
2.5 stuc	Year of ly	IV	2.6 Semester	Ι	2.7 Assessment	Examination	2.8 Subject category	DS/DOP

3. Estimated total time

		-				-	
3.1 Nu	umber of hours per week	4	3.2 of w	hich, course:	2	3.3 applications:	2
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3 4 To	tal hours in the curriculum	56	3.5 of which, course:	hich course.	28	3.6	28
0.4 10			0.0 01 W		20	applications:	20
Indivi	Individual study						hours
Manual, lecture material and notes, bibliography						15	
Supplementary study in the library, online and in the field						10	
Preparation for seminars/laboratory works, homework, reports, portfolios, essays					15		
Tutoring						3	
Exam	Exams and tests						5
Othe	Other activities						0
3.7 Total hours of individual study 48							
3.8	3.8 Total hours per semester 130						
3.9	3.9 Number of credit points 4						

4. Pre-requisites (where appropriate)

4.1	Curriculum	Not applicable
4.2	Competence	Basic knowledge of signal theory, basic knowledge of modulation
4.2	Competence	techniques, elementary knowledge of information theory

5. Requirements (where appropriate)

5.1	For the course	Downloading of the lecture notes -available on the course's site
5.2	For the applications	Downloading and study of some laboratory notes - available on the course's site

6. Specific competences

Professional competences	 C4. To design, implement and operate data, voice, video and multimedia services, based on the understanding and application of fundamental concepts from the field of communications and information transmission. C5. To select, install, configure and exploit fixed and mobile telecommunications equipment. To equip a site with common telecommunications networks. C6. To solve wide-band telecommunications networks' specific problems: propagation in various transmission media, high frequency circuits and equipment (microwaves and optical).
Cross competences	N.A.

7. Discipline objectives (as results from the key competences gained)

7.1	General objective	Development of professional competences in the area of emplyment, design, simulation and performance evaluation of the studied modulation techniques in transmission systems.	
7.2	Specific objectives	 Assimilation of theoretical knowledge regarding the structure, design, simulation, performance evaluation and applicability of the modulation techniques studied Acquiring the skills and abilities to use transmission measuremnt and analysis equipment. Acquiring the elementary skills and abilities to implement and evaluate the performance of the modulation techniques by using advanced simulation tools 	

8. Contents

8.1. L	ecture (syllabus)	Teaching methods	Notes
1.	Introduction. Complements to A+PSK 1 Non-uniform A+PSK constellations employed on radio channels with non-linear amplifiers.	Exposition,	
2.	Complements to A+PSK 2 Demodulation with the Hilbert transform; Symbol-clock synchronization; Carrier recovery methods.	discussions	
3.	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex (OFDM) 1 Parameters of the radio channels (fixed or mobile). Necessity. Definition. Digital modulation-demodulation by IFFT-FFT.		Video-projector,
4.	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex (OFDM) 2 Guard Interval. Bit-loading and bit-rate computation. Frequency band and spectral properties. Spectral efficiency. Synchronization issues. Performance. Applications.		employment of the lecture notes available
5.	Discrete MultiTone (DMT) DMT - a particular case of OFDM for cable transmissions. DMT modulation-demodulation. Guard interval. Spectral properties. Bit-loading and bit-rate computation. Performance. Applications.		on the laboratory site
6.	Coded Modulations 1: Types of CM; Systematical and recursive convolutional codes; Trellis Coded Modulation (TCM); Coding gain = TCM 1/2		
7.	Coded Modulations 2:		

	TCM of rate m/(m+1); Mapping by Set partitioning; TCM with		
	non-coded bits		
0	Coded Modulations 3:		
8.	Viterbi algorithm with d_E . Soft-decoding of the non-coded bits. Applications of TCM.		
	Coded Modulations 4:		
9.	Coded Modulations with Extended Bandwidth (CMEB).		
	Principles; Bit-rate computation. Performance. Applications		
10.	Adaptive Modulations (AM) Parameters of a configuration. Criteria of selecting the AM set.		
10.	Computation of the average throughput. Applications.		
	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK) 1		
11.	Necessity; MSK: definition, parameters, modulation-		
	demodulation. Gaussian filtering characteristic. GMSK-definition, parameters and spectral properties		
	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK) 2		
12.	GMSK modulation; modulation-demodulation methods, carrier		
	and symbol clock recovery. Performances. Application in the		
	GSM system Spread Spectrum techniques 1		
	Spreading sequences. Direct-sequence spread spectrum (DS-		
13.	SS). Spectrum. Generation and demodulation of DS-SS.		
	Properties of DS-SS ("near-far", "soft-capacity"). SINR		
	performance of DS-SS. Applications. Spread Spectrum techniques 2		
	Frequency-hopping spread spectrum (FH-SS); Generation and		
14.	demodulation of FH-SS. Producerea și demodularea FH-SS;		
	SINR performance of FH-SS; Aplications.		
Biblic	Scrambler – descrambler; Necessity anf functionalities.		
	roakis, J.G., Digital Communications, 4th edition, McGraw-Hill		
	uqin Xiong, Digital modulation Techniques, Artech House		
	nedia teaching materials:: (Data Data Tenersiasian Leature Natas Universitates Teknics din		
	'. Bota, Data Transmission. Lecture Notes, Universitatea Tehnica din ttp://users.utcluj.ro/~dtl/TD/cursuri td.html	Ciuj-Napoca,	
	. Bota, Data Transmissions, Laboratory Notes and Problems, Use-ca	ses, Universita	tea Tehnica din
С	luj-Napoca, http://users.utcluj.ro/~dtl/TD/laboratoare_td.html		
82	Applications/Laboratory	Teaching	Notes
0.2.7		methods	110100
1.	A+PSK. Recapitulation	of	
2.	Radio channel models. Parameters	N.	
3.	RC and RRC shapping filters. Digital implementation.	aly	
э.	Characteristics	An Is.	
4.	OFDM 1. Digital modulation-demodulation. Bit rate and spectral	guration, A Problems	Computers,
4.	efficiency.	Irati	advanced
5.	OFDM 2. Effects of imperfect synchronizations	figu s. F	software simulation
6.	DMT	Con die:	tools,
7.		U ⇒	
1.	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. Methodology	rs' (stu	experimental
		ators' (ase stu	laboratory
7. 8.	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. Methodology	mulators' C s.Case stu	laboratory circuits,
8.	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. Methodology Coded modulations 2. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using d_E .	: Simulators' C sults.Case stu	laboratory circuits, specific measuring
	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. Methodology Coded modulations 2. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using d_E . Implementation issues.	ons: Simulators' Confi results.Case studies.	laboratory circuits, specific
8. 9.	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. Methodology Coded modulations 2. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using d _E . Implementation issues. Coded modulations 3. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using a	lations: Simulators' C results.Case stu	laboratory circuits, specific measuring
8.	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. Methodology Coded modulations 2. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using d _E . Implementation issues. Coded modulations 3. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using a posteriori probabilities. Sof decision of non-coded bits. Coded modulations 4. SNR performance of the convolutional codes	mulations: Simulators' C results.Case stu	laboratory circuits, specific measuring
8. 9.	Coded modulations 1. Performance evaluation. MethodologyCoded modulations 2. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using d _E .Implementation issues.Coded modulations 3. The Viterbi decoding algorithm using a posteriori probabilities. Sof decision of non-coded bits.Coded modulations 4. SNR performance of the convolutional	Simulations: Simulators' Configuration, Analysis of results.Case studies. Problems.	laboratory circuits, specific measuring

	Performance evaluation			
12.	Adaptive modulations 1. Configuration design. Set of			
12.	configurations. Average throughput evaluation			
13.	Adaptive modulations 2. Performance study – simulations.			
13.	Case studyŞ 802.11.a			
14.	DS-SS transmissions. SINR performance evaluation			
Bibliography				
V. Pote M. Varga, Lab works, appa studios and problems. Universitates Tabrică din Clui Nanosa				

V. Bota, M. Varga, Lab works, case-studies and problems. Universitatea Tehnică din Cluj-Napoca, http://users.utcluj.ro/~dtl/TD/laboratoare_td.html

9. Bridging course contents with the expectations of the representatives of the community, professional associations and employers in the field

The acquired competences would be useful to the employees in the following possible jobs, according to COR: Transmission engineer, Electronics, transportation, telecommunications engineer, R&D Electrinics engineer, Computer networks design Communications design engineer, Sales support engineer, Multimedia applications developer, Network operation engineer, Communications systems testing engineer, Project manager, Traffic engineer, Consultant in communications systems

10. Evaluation

Activity type	10.1 Assessment criteria	10.2 Assessment methods	10.3 Weight in the final grade			
Course	The level of acquired theoretical knowledge and practical skills	- Summative evaluation written exam (theory and problems)	80%			
Applications (laboratory)	The level of acquired abilities	 Continuous formative evaluation 2 written tests to evaluate the knowledge acquired in the lab works 	20%			
10.4 Minimum standard of performance						
(L). The final n	The final mark (N) is composed of the exam score (E) and the arithmetic average of the lab tests' scores (L). The final mark N will be computed by rounding the weighted score $P = 0.8*E+0.2*L$, by N = [P+0.5], provided that: $P \ge 5$ and $E \ge 5$, these being the condition to pass the exam.					

Date of filling in C 01.10.2014 P

Course responsible Professor Vasile BOTA, PhD Teachers in charge of applications Professor Vasile BOTA, PhD

Date of approval in the department 01.10.2014 Head of Communications Department Professor Virgil DOBROTA, PhD